



## **Cape Town Revenue Protection Branch**

#### **Mission**

To enhance service equity for the people of the City by monitoring and eliminating the theft of electricity and instilling a culture of payment for services

## **Vision**

To be leaders in the field of Revenue Protection setting national and international standards for this industry

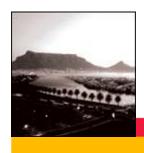
#### **Values**

To treat customers with fairness, respect and dignity

To serve the City with diligence

To instil a passion for Revenue Protection operations among the staff
To continually strive to improve systems and service through innovative means and remain
abreast with developments

To be constantly aware of a changing society and commit to transformation To foster a work force who are competent, proud, and have the desire to develop

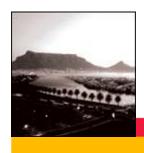






# Fishing for Sardines or Tuna.

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## Introduction

- Importance of having direction.
- Balance iro RP practices between Large customers and Smaller customers
- 80/20 principle
- Different RP practices for different customers
- Probability of Defective meters in the case of tuna vs sardines
- Probability of Tampered meters in the case of tuna vz sardines
- ARE WE WINNING?

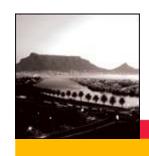




## **Defining Tuna and Sardines**

Very distinct line between key customers and smaller customer

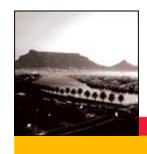
- Key customers
  - Time of Use Tariff
  - Very Large Power Users
  - Large Power Users MV and LV
- Smaller customers
  - Small Power Users
  - Domestic Customers



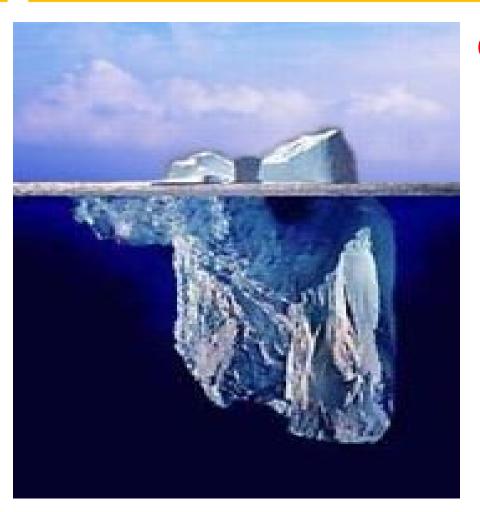


## **Table indicating 20/80 Principle**

Tariff	Consumers	% of Customer	% of Revenue	Risk
		base	base	
Domestic Credit	150,000	7		
Domestic Prepaid	400,000	<b>≻</b> 95%	40%	?
TOTAL DOMESTIC	550,000			
Small Power Credit	26,000			
Small Power Prepaid	2,000			
TOTAL SMALL POWER	28,000			
Large Power LV	1,000	> 5%	60%	?
Large Power MV	700			
Very Large Power and TOU	150			
TOTAL LARGE POWER	1,850	J	_	
TOTAL	579,850			

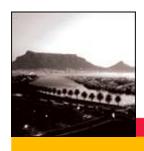






# Consider this:"The Iceberg Approach"

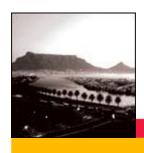
- Do we spend 80% of our efforts chasing 20% of losses?
- Should we not be looking more closely at big cost items?
- Simple Audit concept
- Revenue Protection beyond the usual





## Case study

- If the summated monthly income from the top 20 customers was R160 million
- Lets assume that 1 of these customer had a defective meter and we did not detect it
  - Loss for 1 month = R 8 million
  - Loss for 1 year = R96 million
- Avg domestic adjustment R2500- R3000
- Number of domestic and SPU investigations in a year = 8500 (not sweeps)
- This would net Approx R21 million
- Are we fishing for Sardines or Tuna?
- Can we neglect either?





## **Methods of detection Tuna**

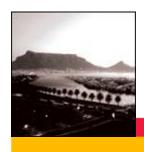
- Monthly validation of readings
- Move to AMR resulting in online/immediate availability
- SAP system plausible validation
- Financial validation
- Routine site visits
- Customer feedback





## **Methods of detection Sardines**

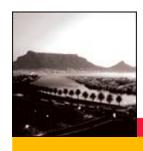
- Zero and low consumption reports
- Geographical comparisons
- Check meter comparisons
- Feedback from other departments
- Routine checks (Foot slogging)
- Tip-off's





## Follow-up action iro Tuna

- Full replacement of metering installation
- Move to AMR
- Full commissioning test and records
- Follow-up checks at billing validation
- Adjust account





## Follow-up action iro Sardines

- Alter type of metering
  - Move from Cr Meter
  - If prepaid move to split Meter
- Alter position of metering
  - From inside home to split meter
  - Reroute cables
- Adjust account
- Cost reflective tariffs vs fines







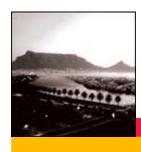




## Are we winning?

- Let's look at some of our:-
  - Challenges
  - Hazards
- And then let's look at how we overcome these

Ensuring that we win!





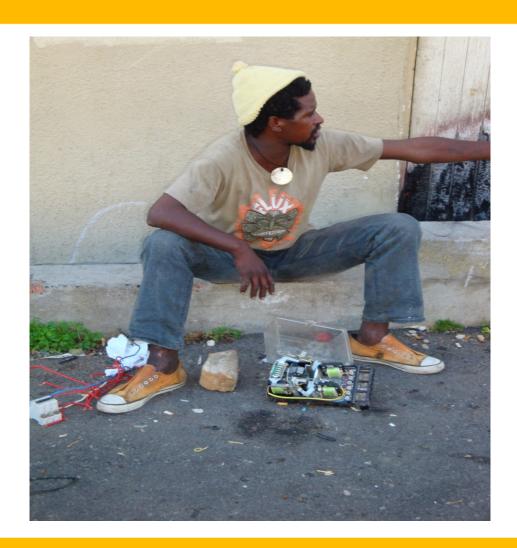
## **Challenges**

- Staff
  - Training, Competence, Numbers
- By-in from internal Partners
  - Communication and Understanding
  - Common Goal
  - Trust
  - Meter Readers "Eyes and Ears"
  - Need for Policy and clear directives
- Reliance on Data
  - GIGO
  - Data Integrity
  - Data complete
- Meters reaching end of life span
- Social economic challenges





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## **Hazards**

- Occupational Health risks
  - Environmental risks
- Safety risks
  - Violence
  - Robbery
  - Correct approach
  - Streetwise staff











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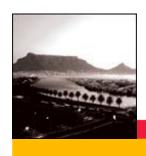






## **Positive Builders**

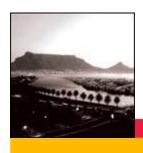
- Success of "Tip-off " line
- Confessions by Public
- Morale of staff
- Positive Attitude
- Experts in the field
- Cooperation from other departments
- Correct vehicles
- Tools and equipment
- Making use of the experts to do the job
- RP staff are best equipped to detect losses or potential losses
- Remember all losses were once potential losses
- Focus on LPU and VLPU customers
- Revision of Deposits
- Keeping a check on Authorised capacity
- Notified Max Demand





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## Some food for thought?





## **Tunnel vision of Revenue Protection**

- RP goes beyond sweeps
- RP goes beyond checking Meter seals
- RP goes beyond detecting tampered meters
- RP goes beyond detecting by-passed meter
- RP goes beyond detecting defective meters





# Are we winning?





## Considerations in conclusion ????

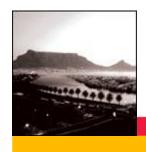
- Does the 80/20 principal apply? (Sardines vs Tuna)
- How much attention do we give our large customers?
- Should they default do there deposits cover their debt?
- Are they exceeding their NMD and straining the infrastructure and placing others at risk of outages?
- Who are the worst culprits?
- Where does the biggest risk exist?
- Are we applying our resources correctly?
- NOW, what are the ambits of Revenue Protection?





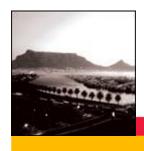
## Yes, we can do it!







# Thank you!





## **Questions?**